Pioneering for You



Wilo NL-HE



en Installation and operating instructions

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en

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1	General information	
1.1	About these instructions	These installation and operating instructions are an integral part of the device. Read these instructions before commencing work and keep them in an accessible place at all times. Strict adherence to these instructions is a requirement for intended use and correctly operating the device. All specifications and markings on the device must be observed. These installation and operating instructions correspond to the relevant version of the device and the underlying safety standards that apply at the time of going to print.
		The language of the original operating instructions is German. All other languages of these instructions are translations of the original operating instructions.
1.2	Copyright	These installation and operating instructions have been copyrighted by the manufacturer. The contents, of whatever type, may not be reproduced or distributed, or used for purposes of competition and shared with others.
1.3	Subject to change	The manufacturer reserves the right to make technical modifications to the device or indi- vidual components. The illustrations used may differ from the original and are intended as an example representation of the device.
2	Safety	 This chapter contains basic information for the individual phases of the life cycle. Failure to observe this information carries the following risks: → Injury to persons from electrical, mechanical and bacteriological factors as well as electromagnetic fields → Environmental damage from discharge of hazardous substances → Property damage → Failure of important functions of the product
		Failure to observe the information contained herein will result in the loss of claims for dam– ages.
		The instructions and safety instructions in the other chapters must also be observed!
2.1	Identification of safety instruc- tions	 These installation and operating instructions set out safety instructions for preventing personal injury and damage to property. These safety instructions are shown differently: → Safety instructions relating to personal injury start with a signal word, are preceded by a corresponding symbol and are shaded in grey.
		DANGER
		Type and source of the danger!



Consequences of the danger and instructions for avoidance.

→ Safety instructions relating to property damage start with a signal word and are displayed without a symbol.

CAUTION

Type and source of the danger!

Consequences or information.

Signal words

→ DANGER!

- Failure to observe the safety instructions will result in serious injuries or death! \rightarrow WARNING!
 - Failure to follow the instructions can lead to (serious) injuries!
- → CAUTION!
 - Failure to follow the instructions can lead to property damage and a possible total loss.

Safety

→ NOTICE!

Useful information on handling the product

Symbols

These instructions use the following symbols:



2.2	Personnel qualifications	 Personnel must: → Be instructed about locally applicable regulations governing accident prevention. → Have read and understood the installation and operating instructions.
		 Personnel must have the following qualifications: → Electrical work: A qualified electrician must carry out the electrical work. → Installation/dismantling must be carried out by a qualified technician who is trained in the use of the necessary tools and fixation materials.
		Definition of "qualified electrician"
		A qualified electrician is a person with appropriate technical education, knowledge and ex- perience who can identify and prevent electrical hazards.
2.3	Electrical work	 > Electrical work must be carried out by a qualified electrician. > When connecting to the mains, comply with the locally applicable laws and regulations of the local energy supply company. > Before commencing work, disconnect the device from the mains and secure it against being switched on again without authorization. > Train personnel on how to make the electrical connection as well as on the methods for switching off the device. > Observe the technical information in these installation and operating instructions as well as on the rating plate. > Ground the device. > Observe the manufacturer's specifications when connecting to electrical switching systems. > Comply with the specifications on electro-magnetic compatibility when using electronic start-up controllers (e.g. soft starter or frequency converter). If required, take into account special measures (shielded cables, filters, etc.). > Replace defective connection cables. Contact customer service.
2.4	Transport	 → Wear protective equipment: Safety gloves for protection against cuts Safety shoes Sealed safety goggles Safety helmet (when using lifting equipment) → Only use legally specified and approved lifting gear. → Select lifting gear based on the available conditions (weather, attachment point, load, etc.). → Always attach the lifting gear to the designated attachment points (lifting eyes). → Position the lifting equipment in a way that ensures stability during use. → When using lifting equipment, a second person must be present to coordinate the procedure if required (e.g. if the operator's field of vision is blocked). → Persons must not stand underneath suspended loads. Do not move suspended loads over workplaces where people are present.
		Please note the following information during transport and prior to installation:

- \rightarrow Do not reach into suction ports, discharge ports or other openings.
- \rightarrow Avoid the penetration of foreign objects. To this end, leave the protective covers or packaging on until they have to be removed for installation.
- → Packaging and covers may be removed from suction or outlet openings for inspection purposes. They must be put back on afterwards to protect the pump and ensure safety.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Wear the following protective equipment:
 - Safety shoes
 - Safety gloves for protection against cuts
 - Safety helmet (when using lifting equipment)
- $\rightarrow\,$ Comply with laws and regulations on work safety and accident prevention in force at the site of installation.
- \rightarrow The procedure described in the installation and operating instructions for shutting down the product/unit must be strictly observed.
- → Disconnect the device from the mains and secure it against being switched on again without authorization.

2.5 Installing/dismantling

- → All rotating parts must be at a standstill.
- \rightarrow Close the gate valve in the inlet and in the pressure pipe.
- \rightarrow Provide adequate aeration in enclosed spaces.
- \rightarrow Clean the device thoroughly. Disinfect devices that use fluids hazardous to health!
- → Make sure that there is no risk of explosion when carrying out any type of welding work or work with electrical devices.

2.6 During operation

- → Wear protective equipment:
 - Safety shoes
 - Safety helmet (when using lifting equipment)
- → The work area in which the device is used is not a recreational area. No persons are allowed in the work area during operation.
- \rightarrow The operator must report any faults or irregularities to a line manager immediately.
- $\rightarrow\,$ If hazardous defects occur, the operator must immediately deactivate the device. Hazardous defects include:
 - Malfunction of safety and monitoring devices
 - Damage to housing parts
 - Damage to electrical equipment
- \rightarrow Open all gate valves in the piping on both the suction and pressure sides.
- → Collect any leakage of fluids and operating fluids immediately and dispose of it according to the locally applicable guidelines.
- \rightarrow Tools and other objects should only be kept in their designated places.

Thermal hazards

Most drive surfaces can become hot during operation. The areas of the mechanical seal and bearing bracket on the pump can become hot in the event of a malfunction or incorrect setting.

The surfaces in question also remain hot after switching off the unit. These surfaces may only be touched with extreme caution. Wear protective gloves if it is essential to touch hot surfaces.

Make sure that the drained water is not too hot for more intensive contact with skin.

Introduce appropriate equipment to protect components that may become hot against accidental contact.

Hazard due to articles of clothing or other objects being caught

To avoid the dangers presented by the rotating parts of the device:

- \rightarrow Do not wear loose or frayed clothing or jewellery.
- \rightarrow Do not dismantle devices for protecting against accidental contact with moving parts (e.g. coupling guard).
- \rightarrow Only put the device into operation once this protection is in place.
- → The devices for protecting against accidental contact with moving parts may only be removed when the system is at a standstill.

Hazards due to noise

Observe the sound pressure specifications on the motor rating plate. The sound pressure value of the pump is generally about the same value as that of the motor +2 dB(A).

Observe the applicable health and safety regulations. If the device is operated under normal operating conditions, the operator must measure the sound pressure.

Sound pressure levels of 80 dB(A) and above must be noted in the work regulations! The operator must also introduce the following preventative measures:

- → Inform the operating personnel
- → Provide hearing protection

For a sound pressure level of 85 dB(A) and above, the operator must:

- \rightarrow Make it a mandatory requirement to wear hearing protection
- \rightarrow Demarcate the noisy areas.
- \rightarrow Take measures to reduce noise (e.g. insulation, noise barriers)

Leakages

Observe local standards and regulations. Avoid pump leakages to protect persons and the environment against hazardous (explosive, toxic or hot) substances.

Ensure that a dry run of the pump is not possible. A dry run can damage the shaft seal and thereby cause leakages.

2.7	Maintenance tasks	 Wear the following protective equipment: Sealed safety goggles Safety shoes Safety gloves for protection against cuts Only carry out the maintenance tasks described in these installation and operating instructions. Only original parts from the manufacturer may be used for maintenance and repairs. Use of parts other than original parts releases the manufacturer from any liability. Collect any leakage of fluid and operating fluid immediately and dispose of it according to the locally applicable guidelines. Store tools at the designated locations. After completing work, reattach all safety and monitoring devices and check that they function properly.
2.8	Drive: NEMA standard motor	The hydraulics have a standardized connection flange for installing a NEMA standard motor. See the technical data for the performance data (e.g. size, construction, hydraulic rated power, speed) needed to select a motor.
2.9	Operator responsibilities	 The operator must: Provide the installation and operating instructions in a language which the personnel can understand. Make sure that personnel are suitably trained for the specified work. Ensure that safety and information signs mounted on the device are always legible. Train personnel with regard to the operating principles of the system. Eliminate any risk from electrical current. Equip hazardous components (extremely cold, extremely hot, rotating, etc.) with an on-site guard. Demarcate and cordon off the hazardous area. Define personnel responsibilities to ensure safe working practice.
		Children and persons younger than 16 years or with reduced physical, sensory or mental ca- pacities or limited experience are prohibited from handling the device! Persons under the age of 18 must be supervised by a technician.
3 3.1	Application/use Intended use	The glanded pumps in the Wilo NL–HE series are intended for use as circulators in building services.

The Wilo NL-HE pumps may only be used for:

- \rightarrow Hot-water heating systems
- \rightarrow Cooling and cold water circulation systems
- → Drinking water systems (special version)
- → Industrial circulation systems
- → Heat carrier circuits
- \rightarrow Irrigation

The pumps are only approved for the fluids specified in the "Technical data" section.

3.2	Improper use	 WARNING! Misuse of the pump can lead to dangerous situations and damage. → Never use with fluids that have not been approved by the manufacturer. → Non-permitted substances in the fluid can destroy the pump. Abrasive solids (e.g. sand) increase pump wear. → Highly flammable materials/fluids should always be kept at a safe distance from the device. → Never allow unauthorized persons to carry out work. → Never operate the pump beyond the specified limits of use. → Never carry out unauthorzsed conversions. → Use authorized accessories and genuine spare parts only. 				
			nnical rooms within the building with other domestic in- ade for direct installation of the pump in rooms used for rooms).			
		Outdoor installation requires a correstion heater).	sponding, special version (motor with anti-condensa-			
		Intended use also includes compliand compliant with the intended use.	ce with this manual. Any other use is regarded as non-			
4 4.1	Product description Design		ge back pull-out-centrifugal pump with spiral housing ensions in accordance with NEMA standards.			
			ilo-EFC Variable Frequency Drive) can control the power ws optimization of the pump output for the demands of omically efficient pump operation.			
4.1.1	Hydraulics	The pump consists of a radially divided spiral housing and cast–on pump support feet. The impeller is a closed radial impeller. The pump shaft is supported by grease–lubricated radial ball bearings.				
4.1.2	Motor	The system is driven by NEMA standard motors in a three-phase current version.				
		NOTICE				
	í	Use a heat-resistant mains connec 194 °F!	ting cable in systems where fluid temperatures exceed			
4.1.3	Seal	The fluid pump is sealed via a mecha	nical seal in accordance with EN 12756.			
4.2	Operation with frequency con- verter	Operation on the frequency converter is permitted. Refer to the documentation from the motor manufacturer for the relevant requirements and observe its contents.				
4.3	Technical data	General				
		Date of manufacture [MFY]	See rating plate			
		Mains connection [U/f]	See motor rating plate			
		Power consumption $[P_1]$	See motor rating plate			
		Rated power [P ₂]	See motor rating plate			
		Rated speed [n]	See rating plate			
		Max. delivery head [H]	See rating plate			

Max. volume flow [Q]

Permissible fluid temperature [t]

See rating plate

-4 °F to +284 °F

+104 °F		
232 psi		
125# ANSI in accordance with ASME B16.1		
– Heating water		
 Cooling/cold water 		
– Water–glycol mixture up to 40 % vol.		
IP21, IP23, IP55		
F		
See manufacturer's documentation		
quipment (at additional charge)		
– Heating water		
– Water–glycol mixture up to 40 % vol.		
Pumps with motors with different voltages or other frequencies are available on request		
- No oxygen binding agents, no chemical sealant.		
 Ensure enclosed system from corrosion perspect- ive. 		

Statement of date of manufacture

The date of manufacture is stated in the format: MMDDYYYY

 \rightarrow MM = month

 \rightarrow DD = day

 \rightarrow YYYY = year

4.4	Type key
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4.5 Scope of delivery

Example: NL-HE 2x1.25x5-5-182/4T-460-2-TEFC NL-HE Product family 2 Nominal diameter of Suction Flange 1.25 Nominal diameter of Discharge Flange 5 Nominal diameter of the impeller in inches 5 Rated motor power in hp 182/4T Motor Frame size Motor rated voltage 460 2 Motor poles Motor Enclosure TEFC

Complete unit

→ NL-HE pump

- → Baseplate
- \rightarrow Coupling and coupling guard
- → With or without electric motor
- → Installation and operating instructions

Pump by itself:

- → NL-HE pump
- ightarrow Bearing bracket without baseplate
- ightarrow Installation and operating instructions

4.6 Accessories

Accessories have to be ordered separately. For a detailed list, consult the catalogue and spare parts documentation.

4.7 Anticipated noise levels

4.7.1 Pump with three-phase motor, 60 Hz without speed control

Motor power P _N [hp]	Measuring surface sound-pressure level Lp, A [dB(A)] ¹⁾			
	2–Pole (3550 rpm)	4–Pole (1750 rpm)		
0.75	-	52		
1	68	52		
1.5	68	52		
2	68	52		
3	66	56		
5	66	56		
7.5	68	59		
10	68	59		
15	72	64		
20	72	64		
25	72	64		
30	73	64		
40	76	66		
50	76	66		
60	79	69		
75	84	69		
100	84	69		
125	84	73		
150	84	78		
200	85	78		
250	85	78		
300	85	75		

¹⁾ Spatial mean value of sound-pressure levels within a cube-shaped measuring area at a distance of 1 m from the surface of the motor

Table 1: Anticipated noise levels for standard pump (60 Hz)

4.8 Permissible forces and torques on the pump flanges

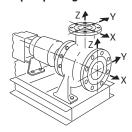


Fig. 1: Permissible forces and torques on the pump flanges – pump made of grey cast iron (see table "Permissible forces and torques on the pump flanges"

ANSI Forces F [lb]					Torques M [lb]			
	F _x	Fy	Fz	Σ Forces F	M _x	M _Y	Mz	Σ Torques M
DISCHA	DISCHARGE							
1.25"	71	67	83	130	3407	2328	2637	4956
1.5"	87	79	98	154	4027	2788	3257	5885
2"	118	106	130	205	4337	3098	3567	6354
2.5"	146	134	165	260	4646	3407	3717	6815
3"	177	161	197	311	4956	3567	4027	7284
4"	236	212	264	413	5425	3876	4496	8054
5"	279	252	311	488	6505	4646	5885	9452
6"	354	319	393	618	7744	5425	6354	11310
SUCTIO	N							
2"	130	118	106	205	4337	3098	3567	6354
2.5"	165	146	134	260	4646	3407	3717	6815
3"	197	177	161	311	4956	3567	4027	7284
4"	264	236	212	413	4525	6531	4496	8054
5"	311	279	252	477	6505	4646	5885	9452
6"	393	354	319	618	7744	5425	6354	11310
8"	527	472	425	822	10071	7124	823	14868
Values i	n acc. wi	th ISO/D	IN 5199	– class II (2002,) – Appe	ndix B, F	amily no	o. 1A

Table 2: Permissible forces and torques on the pump flanges

If not all working loads reach the maximum permitted values, one of these loads may exceed the normal limit value. This is under the condition that the following additional conditions are fulfilled:

- ightarrow All force and torque components are limited to 1.4 times the maximum permitted value.
- → The forces and torques acting on each flange meet the requirements of the compensation equation.



Fig. 2: Compensation equation

 $\Sigma F_{effective}$ and $\Sigma M_{effective}$ are the arithmetic sums of the effective values of both pump flanges (inlet and outlet). $\Sigma F_{max. permitted}$ and $\Sigma M_{max. permitted}$ are the arithmetic sums of the maximum permitted values of both pump flanges (inlet and outlet). The algebraic signs of ΣF and ΣM are not taken into consideration in the compensation equation.

5 Transportation and storage

5.1 Delivery

The pump is secured to a pallet ex works and is protected against dirt and moisture.

Check the shipment immediately on receipt for defects (damage, completeness). Defects must be noted on the freight documentation. Any defects must be notified to the transport company or the manufacturer immediately on the day of receipt of shipment. Subsequently notified defects can no longer be asserted.

DANGER

Risk of fatal injury due to suspended loads!

Never allow anyone to stand under suspended loads! Danger of (serious) injuries caused by falling parts. Loads may not be carried over work places where people are present! The safety zone must be marked so that there is no danger when the load (or part of it) slips away or if the lifting device snaps or is ripped off.

Loads must never be suspended for longer than necessary.

Accelerations and braking during the lifting operation must be performed in a way that rules out any danger to people.

WARNING

Hand and foot injuries due to lack of protective equipment!

Danger of (serious) injuries during work. Wear the following protective equipment:

- Safety shoes
- · Safety gloves for protection against cuts
- Sealed safety goggles
- Safety helmet must be worn if lifting equipment is used!

NOTICE



Use only properly functioning lifting equipment!

Use only properly functioning lifting equipment to lift and lower the pump. Ensure that the pump does not become jammed during lifting and lowering. Do **not** exceed the maximum bearing capacity of the lifting equipment! Check that lifting equipment is functioning properly before use!

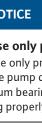
CAUTION

Property damage due to incorrect transport

To ensure proper alignment, all equipment is pre-assembled. If dropped or if improperly handled, there is a risk of misalignment or deficient performance due to deformations. The pipes and valves will not withstand loads and should not be used to secure loads in transit.

- Only use permitted lifting gear for transport. Ensure the stability of the load since, with this particular pump design, the centre of gravity is shifted to the top (top-heavy).
- Never attach lifting gear to shafts in order to lift the unit.
- Do not use the transport lugs on the pump or motor to lift the entire unit. They are only meant for transporting the individual components during installation or dismantling.

Only remove the outer packaging at the place of utilization to ensure that the pump is not damaged during transport.



CAUTION

Risk of damage due to incorrect packaging.

If the pump is transported again at a later date, it must be packaged so that it cannot be damaged during transport. Use the original packaging for this, or choose equivalent packaging.

5.2.1 Proper lifting of the pump

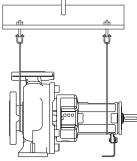


Fig. 3: Lifting of the pump

5.2.2 Proper lifting of the complete unit

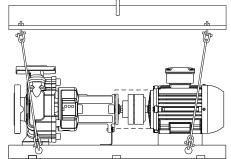


Fig. 4: Lifting the complete unit

5.3 Storage

→ Comply with applicable national safety regulations.

- → Use legally specified and approved lifting gear.
- \rightarrow Select the lifting gear based on the prevailing conditions (weather, attachment point, load, etc.).
- \rightarrow Only attach the lifting gear to the attachment point. Fix in place with a shackle.
- \rightarrow Never feed the lifting gear over or through transport lugs without protection.
- \rightarrow Never feed the lifting gear over sharp edges without protection.
- \rightarrow Use lifting equipment with sufficient bearing capacity.
- \rightarrow The stability of the lifting equipment must be ensured during operation.
- \rightarrow When using lifting equipment, ensure a second person is present to coordinate the procedure if required (e.g. if the operator's field of vision is blocked).
- → When lifting, make sure that the load limit of the lifting gear is reduced when pulling at an angle. The safety and efficiency of the lifting gear is best guaranteed when all loadbearing elements are loaded vertically. If necessary, use a lifting arm, to which the lifting gear can be vertically attached.
- → Ensure the load is lifted vertically!
- → Prevent the suspended load from swinging!
- \rightarrow Comply with applicable national safety regulations.
- \rightarrow Use legally specified and approved lifting gear.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Select the lifting gear based on the prevailing conditions (weather, attachment point, load, etc.).
- \rightarrow Only attach the lifting gear to the attachment point. Fix in place with a shackle.
- ightarrow Never feed the lifting gear over or through transport lugs without protection.
- ightarrow Never feed the lifting gear over sharp edges without protection.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Use lifting equipment with sufficient bearing capacity.
- \rightarrow The stability of the lifting equipment must be ensured during operation.
- → When using lifting equipment, ensure a second person is present to coordinate the procedure if required (e.g. if the operator's field of vision is blocked).
- → When lifting, make sure that the load limit of the lifting gear is reduced when pulling at an angle. The safety and efficiency of the lifting gear is best guaranteed when all loadbearing elements are loaded vertically. Make sure that the motor terminal box does not interfere with the lifting equipment. If necessary, use a lifting arm, to which the lifting gear can be vertically attached.
- → Ensure the load is lifted vertically!
- Prevent the suspended load from swinging!

NOTICE



Improper storage can lead to damage to the equipment.

Damage caused by improper storage is not covered by the guarantee or warranty.

- \rightarrow Requirements at the storage location:
 - dry
 - clean
 - well-ventilated
 - free from vibrations
 - free from humidity

- free from rapid or extreme changes in temperature
- \rightarrow Store the product somewhere safe against mechanical damage.
- \rightarrow Protect the bearings and couplings from sand, gravel and other foreign objects.
- \rightarrow Lubricate the unit to prevent rust and bearing seizing.
- \rightarrow Manually rotate the drive shaft several times once a week.

Storage for more than three months

Additional precautionary measures:

- $\rightarrow\,$ All rotating parts must be coated with a suitable protective medium to protect them from rust.
- \rightarrow If the pump is to be stored for more than a year, consult the manufacturer.
- 6 Installation and electrical con-

nection

- 6.1 Personnel qualifications
- 6.2 Operator responsibilities
- \rightarrow Electrical work: A qualified electrician must carry out the electrical work.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Observe locally applicable accident prevention and safety regulations of professional and trade associations.
- ightarrow Observe all regulations for working with heavy loads and under suspended loads.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Provide protective equipment and ensure that the protective equipment is worn by personnel.
- → Avoid pressure surges! Pressure surges can occur in long pressure pipes. These pressure surges can lead to the destruction of the pump!
- → Structural components and foundations must be of sufficient stability in order to allow the device to be fixed in a secure and functional manner. The operator is responsible for the provision and suitability of the building/foundation!
- → Check that the available consulting documents (installation plans, design of the operating space, inflow conditions) are complete and correct.

6.3 Preparing the installation



Risk of personal injury and property damage due to improper handling!

- Never set up the pump unit on unfortified surfaces or surfaces that cannot bear loads.
- Flush the pipe system if required. Dirt can cause the pump to fail.
- Install only after completion of all welding and soldering work and after the pipe system has been flushed, if required.
- Observe the minimum axial distance between a wall and the fan cover of the motor: 8 inches + diameter of the fan cover
- → The pumps (in the standard version) must be protected from the weather and installed in a frost/dust-free, well-ventilated environment that is not potentially explosive.
- → Mount the pump in a readily accessible place. This makes it easier to complete inspections, maintenance (e.g. mechanical seal change) or replacement in the future.
- → A travelling crane or a device for attaching hoisting gear should be installed above the set-up site of large pumps.

6.4 Setting up the pump by itself (variant B, Wilo variant key)

When installing a pump by itself, the required coupling guard and baseplate of the pump manufacturer should be used. In any case, all components must meet the local regulations. An OSHA compliant coupling guard should be used.

6.4.1 Selecting the motor

6.4.2

Select a motor with sufficient power.

Shaft power	< 5 hp	5 hp < P ₂ < 15 hp	15 hp < P ₂ < 50 hp	50 hp < P ₂
Limit value P ₂ for the motor	25 %	20 %	15 %	10 %

Table 3: Motor/shaft power

Example:

- \rightarrow Duty point water: Q = 440 gpm; 115 feet
- \rightarrow Efficiency: 78 %

CAUTION

→ Hydraulic power: 16.75 hp

The required limit value for this duty point lies at 16.75 hp x 1.15 = 19.26 hp. A motor with a power of 20 hp would be the correct choice.

- \rightarrow To establish the connection between the pump with bearing bracket and motor, use a flexible coupling.
- → Select the coupling size according to the recommendations of the coupling manufacturer.
- \rightarrow Follow the instructions of the coupling manufacturer.

Danger of property and material damage!

- → After installation on the base and connecting the pipes, check the coupling alignment and correct it if necessary. The procedure is described in the chapter "Coupling alignment".
- → After reaching the operating temperature, the coupling alignment must be checked again.
- → Avoid accidental contact during operation. The coupling should be protected with an OSHA compliant coupling guard.

6.5 Installing the pump unit on a base

Selecting the coupling

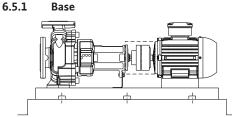


Fig. 5: Installing the unit on a base

The base must be able to support the unit installed on the baseplate indefinitely. The base

A missing foundation or incorrect installation of the unit on the base can lead to a mal-

function of the pump. Incorrect installation is not covered by the warranty.

• A professional from the concrete sector must be hired for all base work.

• Only have the pump unit installed by qualified personnel.

must be level to ensure there is no tension on the baseplate or unit. Wilo recommends using premium, non-shrink concrete of an adequate thickness for manufacturing. This would prevent vibrations from being transmitted.

The base must be able to accommodate the forces, vibrations and impact that occur.

- Guidance values for dimensioning the base:
- \rightarrow Approx. 1.5 to 2 x heavier than the unit.
- \rightarrow The width and length should each be about 8 inches greater than the baseplate.

The baseplate must not be strained or pulled down on the surface of the base. It must be supported so that the original alignment is not changed.

Prepare drilled holes for the anchor bolts. Position pipe sleeves vertically in the base at the corresponding points. Diameter of the pipe sleeves: Around $2\frac{1}{2}$ x the diameter of the screws. This allows the screws to be moved in order to achieve their final positions.

Wilo recommends initially pouring the concrete base up to about 1 inch below the planned height. The surface of the concrete base must be well contoured before curing. Remove the pipe sleeves after the concrete cures.

When the concrete base is poured out, insert steel rods vertically into the base at regular intervals. The required number of steel rods is dependent on the size of the baseplate. The rods must project into the baseplate by up to 2/3.

6.5.2 Preparing the baseplate for anchoring

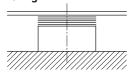


Fig. 6: Shims on the base surface

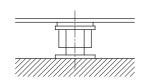


Fig. 7: Levelling screws on the base surface



- → Thoroughly clean the base surface.
- → Place shims (approx. % to 1 inch thick) on every screw hole on the base surface. Alternatively, levelling screws can also be used.
- → For a length spacing of the fixation bores ≥ 32 inches, shims should be additionally placed in the middle of the baseplate. Shims should also be placed under **all** middle bracing C channels (see below in figure "Levelling and aligning the baseplate showing shim locations").
- \rightarrow Level in both directions with additional shims.
- → Align the unit when installing on the base using a spirit level (at the shaft/pressure port). The baseplate must be horizontal; tolerance: 0.006 inches per foot
- \rightarrow Fit anchor bolts in the provided drilled holes.

NOTICE

The anchor bolts must fit in the fastening bores (6; 3 per side) of the baseplate.

They must meet the relevant standards and be sufficiently long, so that a firm fit in the base is guaranteed.

- $\rightarrow\,$ Pour in anchor bolts with concrete. After the concrete has set, tighten the anchor bolts evenly and firmly.
- \rightarrow Align the unit so that the pipes can be connected to the pump stress-free.

Fig. 8: Levelling and aligning the baseplate showing shim locations



Fig. 9: Anchor bolt

6.5.3 Grouting the baseplate

The baseplate can be grouted after fixing. The process of grouting reduces vibrations to a minimum.

- \rightarrow Wet the base surface before grouting.
- \rightarrow Use a suitable, non-shrink grout.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Pour the grout through the available openings in the baseplate. Be sure to avoid hollow spaces.

- \rightarrow Before pouring concrete or grout create an enclosed frame around the base.
- \rightarrow After curing, check the anchor bolts for a tight fit.
- \rightarrow Coat the unprotected surfaces of the base to protect from moisture.

6.6 Pipework

The pipe connections of the pump are fitted with dust caps so that no foreign objects can penetrate during transport and installation.

 \rightarrow These caps must be removed before connecting pipes.

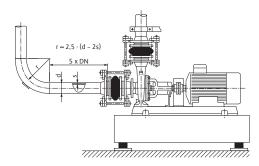


Fig. 10: Connecting the pump without tension, settling section upstream and downstream of the pump

CAUTION

Improper pipework/installation can lead to property damage! Welding beads, cinder and other contaminants can damage the pump!

- The pipes must be sufficiently dimensioned, taking the pump inlet pressure into account.
- Connect the pump and pipes using suitable gaskets. Take the pressure, temperature and fluid into account. Check the gaskets for proper fitting.
- The pipes must not transfer any forces to the pump. Brace the pipes directly before the pump and connect them without tension.
- Observe the permissible forces and torques on the pump connecting pieces!
- The expansion of the pipes in the event of a temperature rise is to be compensated by suitable means.
- · Avoid air pockets in piping by means of appropriate installations.

NOTICE



Simplify subsequent work on the unit!

 To ensure the entire unit does not have to be emptied, install a check valve and shut-off devices before and after the pump.

NOTICE



Avoid flow cavitation!

• A settling section must be provided upstream and downstream of the pump in the form of a straight pipe. The length of the settling section must be at least 5 times the nominal diameter of the pump flange.

- \rightarrow The pipes and pump must be free of mechanical stress when installed.
- $\rightarrow\,$ The pipes must be fixed in such a way that the pump does not have to support the weight of the pipes.
- \rightarrow Clean, flush and purge the unit before connecting the pipes.

- \rightarrow Remove the covers from the suction and discharge ports.
- \rightarrow If required, install a dirt filter upstream of the pump in the pipe on the suction side.
- \rightarrow Then connect the pipes to the pump connecting pieces.

6.7 Aligning the unit

CAUTION

Incorrect alignment can result in property damage!

The transport and installation of the pump can affect the alignment. The motor must be aligned to the pump (not vice versa).

• Check the alignment before the first start.

CAUTION

Changes to the alignment during operation can result in property damage.

The pump and motor are usually aligned at ambient temperature. Thermal expansion at operating temperature can change the alignment, particularly in the case of very hot fluids.

Adjustment may be required if the pump is required to pump very hot fluids:

- Allow the pump to run at the actual operating temperature.
- Switch off the pump then immediately check the alignment.

Precondition for reliable, smooth and efficient operation of a pump unit is proper alignment of the pump and the drive shaft.

Misalignments can be the cause of:

- \rightarrow excessive noise development during pump operation
- → vibrations
- → premature wear
- → excessive coupling wear

6.7.1 Coupling alignment

EPDM Coupling Alignment

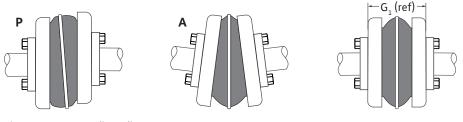


Fig. 11: EPDM Coupling Alignment

Р	Parallel Al	ignment			A	Angula	ar alignmer	it		
Sleev	/e size	Max.	G ₁ (ref)			EPDM Allowable Misalignment				
		RPM				Parallel		Angular		
			in	mm	i	in	mm	in	mm	
4		7600	1.5	38		0.01	0.25	0.043	1.09	
5		7600	1.9	49	(0.015	0.38	0.056	1.42	
6		6000	2.4	60		0.015	0.38	0.07	1.78	
7		5250	2.6	65		0.02	0.51	0.081	2.06	
8		4500	2.9	75		0.02	0.51	0.094	2.39	
9		3750	3.5	89		0.025	0.64	0.109	2.8	

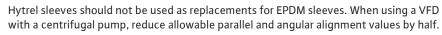
Installation and electrical connection

Sleeve size	Max.	G ₁ (ref)		EPDM Allowable Misalignment				
	RPM			Parallel		Angular		
		in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	
10	3600	4.1	103	0.025	0.64	0.128	3.21	
11	3600	4.9	124	0.032	0.81	0.151	3.89	

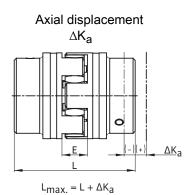
Table 4: Maximum RPM and Allowable Misalignment for EPDM couplings

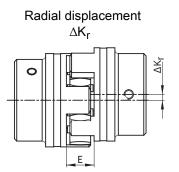
NOTICE

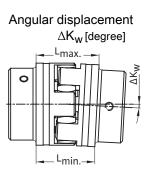
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Alignment for flexible jaw couplings





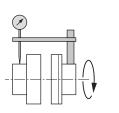


 ΔK_{W} [mm] = L_{max}. - L_{min}.

Fig. 12: Jaw coupling alignment

ROTEX	ROTEX [©] Size															
14	19	24	28	38	42	48	55	65	75	90	100	110	125	140	160	180
Max. ax	kial misal	ignment	$\Delta K_a[in]$													
-0.2	-0.02	-0,02	-0.03	-0.04	-0.04	-0.04	-0.04	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.10	0.12
+0.04	+0.05	+0.06	+0.07	+0.08	+0.08	+0.09	+0.10	+0.10	+0.12	+0.13	+0.15	+0.17	+0.18	+0.20	+0.22	+0.25
Max. pa	arallel mi	salignme	ent with	n = 1,80	0 rpm ∆ł	<rul></rul>										
0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.014	0.015	0.017	0.018	0.019	0.020	0.021	0.022	0.022	0.024
Max. ar	ngular mi	salignm	ent with	n = 1,80	0 rpm ∆l	K _w [degre	e]									
1.1	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Max. ar	Max. angular misalignment with n = 1,800 rpm $\Delta K_w[in]$															
0.024	0.029	0.031	0.039	0.051	0.067	0.079	0.090	0.102	0.126	0.161	0.181	0.213	0.248	0.256	0.303	0.354

Table 5: Allowable Misalignment for flexible jaw couplings



Checking the radial alignment

- → Firmly clamp a dial gauge to one of the couplings or to the shaft. The piston of the dial gauge must lie against the crown of the other half-coupling.
- \rightarrow Set the dial gauge to zero.
- \rightarrow Turn the coupling and write down the measuring result after every quarter turn.
- \rightarrow Alternatively, the radial coupling alignment can also be checked with a ruler.

Fig. 13: Checking the radial alignment with a dial indicator



Fig. 14: Checking the radial alignment with a ruler



NOTICE

NOTICE

The radial deviation of the two coupling halves must not exceed the maximum values found in tables "Maximum RPM and Allowable Misalignment for EPDM couplings" and "Allowable Misalignment for flexible jaw couplings". This requirement applies to every operating status – including operating temperature and inlet pressure.

Checking the axial alignment

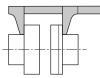
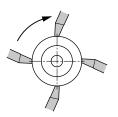


Fig. 15: Checking the axial alignment with a calliper gauge



The axial deviation of the two coupling halves must not exceed the maximum values found in tables "Maximum RPM and Allowable Misalignment for EPDM couplings" and "Allowable Misalignment for flexible jaw couplings". This requirement applies to every operating status – including operating temperature and inlet pressure.



Using a calliper gauge, circumferentially check the distance between the two coupling halves.

Fig. 16: Checking the axial alignment with a calliper gauge – circumferential check

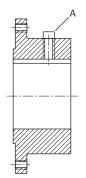


Fig. 17: Adjusting screw A for axial safeguard

→ Connect the coupling halves once correctly aligned. The tightening torques for the coupling are listed in the tables below, according to the different possible coupling models.

Coupling Size	Type J Set Screws (A)		Type S Set Screws (A)			
	ft–lbs	Nm	ft–lbs	Nm		
4	3	4	-	-		
5	7	10	7	10		
6	13	18	13	18		
7	-	-	13	18		
8	_	-	23	31		
9	-	-	23	31		
10	-	-	23	31		
11	-	-	23	31		

Table 6: Tightening torques for TB Woods EPDM coupling halves

Coupling Size	Туре Ј		Type S			
	Set Screws (A)		Set Screws (A)			
	ft–lbs	Nm	ft–lbs	Nm		
4	7	10	-	-		
5	7	10	7	10		

Table 7: Tightening torques for Lovejoy EPDM coupling halves

Coupling Size	Screw (A)	lb-in
38	M8	89
42	M8	89
48	M8	89
55	M10	150
65	M10	150
75	M10	150

Table 8: Tightening torques for Jaw type coupling halves

 \rightarrow Install the coupling guard.

6.7.2 Alignment of the pump unit

Any deviations in the measuring results indicate a misalignment. In this case, the unit must be realigned to the motor.

- $\rightarrow\,$ Loosen the hexagon head screws and counter nuts on the motor.
- \rightarrow Place shims under the motor feet until the height difference is compensated.
- \rightarrow Pay attention to the axial alignment of the coupling.

NOTICE



Aluminum riser blocks under motor or pump feet are not enough to align the unit.

Additional shims are needed.

- → Finally, check the functioning of the coupling and shaft. The coupling and shaft must be easy to turn by hand.
- \rightarrow After correct alignment, mount the coupling guard.

For tightening torques for the pump and motor on the baseplate, see table "Tightening torques for baseplate bolts (Grade 5, Zinc plated, Hex bolts)".

Grade 5, Zinc plated, Hex bolt:	5/16"-18	3/8"-16	1/2"-13	5/8"-11	3/4"-10
Tightening torque [ft-lbs]	17.5	31	75	150	267

Table 9: Tightening torques for baseplate bolts (Grade 5, Zinc plated, Hex bolts)

CAUTION

DANGER

Risk of damage due to vibrations! Incorrect alignment can lead to vibrations. Vibrations can damage or destroy individual components.

• Carefully align the pump unit until all measurement results are within the permissible range.

6.7.3 Laser alignment of the pump unit

Proceed per manufacturer's recommendations for proper laser alignment instructions.

6.8 Electrical connection



Risk of fatal injury due to electrical current!

Improper conduct when carrying out electrical work can lead to death due to electric shock!

- Only use an electrical installer approved by the local electricity supplier to make the connection.
- · Observe the locally applicable regulations.
- Before beginning work on the product, make sure that the pump and drive are electrically isolated.
- Make sure that no one can turn on the power supply again before work is completed.
- Make sure that all energy sources can be isolated and locked. If the pump was switched off by a protective device, it must be secured against switching back on again until the error has been remedied.
- Electrical machines must always be grounded. Grounding must be appropriate for the motor and meet the relevant standards and regulations. Ground terminals and fixation elements must be dimensioned appropriately.
- · Connection cables must never touch the piping, pump or motor housing.
- If it is possible for persons to come into contact with the pump or the pumped fluid, the grounded connection must also be fitted with a residual current circuit breaker.
- Observe the manufacturer's installation and operating instructions for the motor and accessories!
- During installation and connection work, observe the circuit diagram in the terminal box!

CAUTION

Risk of property damage caused by improper electrical connection!

An inadequate mains design can lead to system failures and cable fires due to mains overload! If the wrong voltage is applied, the pump can be damaged!

• Ensure that the current type and voltage of the mains connection correspond to the specifications on the motor rating plate.

NOTICE

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Three-phase motors are equipped with a thermistor depending on the manufacturer.

- Observe the wiring information in the terminal box.
 - Observe the documentation from the manufacturer.
- \rightarrow Establish an electrical connection via a stationary mains connection cable.
- → In order to ensure drip protection and strain relief on the cable connections, only cables with a suitable outer diameter may be used and the cable feedthroughs must be firmly screwed.
 - Cables must be installed with a drip loop to avoid accumulation of water.
- → Unused cable feedthroughs should be sealed with the sealing plates provided, and screwed tight.
- → Reinstall any uninstalled safety devices, such as terminal box covers!
- → Check the direction of rotation of the motor while commissioning!

Circuit breaker

The size and switching characteristics of the circuit breakers must conform to the rated current of the connected product. Observe local regulations.

Residual-current device (RCD)

Comply with the regulations of the local energy supply company! The use of a residual-current device is recommended.

If persons come into contact with the device and conductive fluids, secure the connection **with** a residual-current device (RCD).

WARNING



The spiral housing and the discharge cover assume the temperature of the fluid during operation. It may cause burns.

- Depending on the application, insulate the spiral housing.
- Provide corresponding guards.
- · Allow the pump to cool down at ambient temperature after switching it off!
- Observe local regulations.

CAUTION

Risk of property damage due to incorrect insulation!

The discharge cover and the bearing bracket must not be insulated.

6.8.1 Fuse on mains side

6.8.2 Protective devices



7 Commissioning



WARNING

Risk of injury due to lack of protective equipment!

(Serious) injuries can occur due to lack of protective equipment.

- Do not remove the unit casings of moving parts (such as that of the coupling) during machine operation.
- Always wear protective clothing, protective gloves and protective goggles when working.
- Do not remove or disable the safety devices on the pump and motor.
- An authorized technician must check the functionality of the safety devices on the pump and motor prior to commissioning.

CAUTION

Risk of material damage due to unsuitable operating mode!

Operating outside of the duty point impairs the pump efficiency and can damage the pump. Operating with the shut-off devices closed for more than 5 minutes is not recommended and generally dangerous in the case of hot fluids.

- The pump must not be operated outside of the specified operating range.
- Do not operate the pump with the shut-off devices closed.
- Make sure that the NPSHA value is always higher than the NPSHR value.

CAUTION

Risk of material damage due to the formation of condensate!

When using the pump in air-conditioning or cooling applications, the formation of condensate can cause pump corrosion. WILO USA leaves insulation of the pump to the discretion of the installer.

NOTICE

NOTICE

The standard version of the NL–HE pump has **no** air vent valve. However, the plug on the discharge flange can be removed for venting purposes.

7.1 Personnel qualifications

- \rightarrow Electrical work: A qualified electrician must carry out the electrical work.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Operation/control: Operating personnel must be instructed in the functioning of the complete system.

7.2 Filling and venting



The standard version of the NL-HE pump has **no** air vent valve. The suction line and pump are vented via a suitable venting device on the pressure flange of the pump. An optional air vent valve is available.

WARNING



Risk of personal injury and property damage due to extremely hot or extremely cold pressurised fluid!

Depending on the temperature of the fluid, when the venting screw is opened completely, extremely hot or extremely cold fluid in liquid or vapour form may escape or shoot out at high pressure. Fluid may shoot out at high pressure depending on the system pressure.

- Make sure the venting screw is in a suitable, secure position.
- Always exercise caution when opening the venting screw.

Procedure for venting systems where the fluid level lies above the suction port of the pump:

- \rightarrow Open the shut-off device on the pressure side of the pump.
- \rightarrow Slowly open the shut-off device on the suction side of the pump.
- \rightarrow To vent, open the venting screw on the pressure side of the pump or on the pump.
- → Close the venting screw as soon as fluid escapes.

Procedure for filling/venting systems with a non-return valve, where the fluid level lies below the suction port of the pump:

- \rightarrow Close the shut-off device on the pressure side of the pump.
- \rightarrow Open the shut-off device on the suction side of the pump.
- \rightarrow Fill fluid in via a funnel until the suction line and the pump are completely filled.

7.3 Checking the direction of rotation

CAUTION

Risk of property damage!

Danger of damage to the pump parts that rely on the fluid supply for lubrication.

- Before checking the direction of rotation and commissioning, the pump must be filled with fluid and vented.
- Do not operate the pump with the shut-off devices closed.

The correct direction of rotation is indicated by an arrow on the pump housing. As seen from the motor side, the pump rotates correctly in the clockwise direction.

- → Remove coupling guard.
- \rightarrow To check the direction of rotation, disengage the pump from the coupling.
- \rightarrow Switch the motor on **briefly**. The direction of rotation of the motor must correspond to the direction of rotation arrow on the pump.
- \rightarrow If the direction of rotation is wrong, change the electrical connection of the motor.
- \rightarrow Connect the pump to the motor after ensuring the correct direction of rotation.
- \rightarrow Check the alignment of the coupling and realign it if required.
- → Reinstall the coupling guard.

7.4 Switching on the pump

CAUTION

Risk of property damage!

- Do not operate the pump with the shut-off devices closed.
- Only operate the pump within the permissible operating range.

Once all preparatory work has been properly completed and all necessary precautionary measures have been taken, the pump is ready to start.

Before starting up the pump, check whether:

- \rightarrow Filling and ventilation lines are closed.
- \rightarrow The motor is turning in the right direction.
- \rightarrow The coupling guard is attached correctly and is screwed tightly.
- → Pressure gauges with a suitable measurement range are installed on the suction and pressure side of the pump. Do not install the pressure gauges on the bends in the piping. The kinetic energy of the fluid can affect the measured values at these points.
- → All blind flanges are removed.
- ightarrow The shut-off device on the suction side of the pump is completely opened.
- → The shut-off device in the pressure pipe of the pump is completely closed or only slightly opened.

WARNING



Risk of injury due to high system pressure!

The power and status of the installed centrifugal pumps must be constantly monitored.

- Do not connect pressure gauges to a pressurised pump.
- Install pressure gauges on the suction and pressure side.

NOTICE



It is recommended to attach a flow meter to determine the exact pump delivery rate.

CAUTION

Risk of property damage due to motor overload!

- To start up the pump, use the soft start, star-delta connection or speed control.
- \rightarrow Switch on the pump.
- → After reaching the speed, slowly open the shut-off device in the pressure pipe and regulate the pump to the duty point.
- \rightarrow While the pump is starting, vent completely via the venting screw.

CAUTION

Risk of property damage!

If abnormal noises, vibrations, temperatures or leaks occur when starting up:

• Switch the pump off immediately and remedy the cause.

7.5 Switching frequency

CAUTION

Risk of property damage!

The pump or motors may be damaged by incorrect switching.

• Only switch on the pump again when the motor is at a complete standstill.

A maximum of 6 connections per hour are permitted in accordance with IEC 60034–1. It is recommended that repeated activations occur at regular intervals.

- 8 Shutdown
- 8.1 Switching off the pump and temporary shutdown

CAUTION

Risk of property damage due to overheating!

Hot fluids can damage the pump seals when the pump is at a standstill. After deactivating the heat source:

• Allow the pump to run until the fluid temperature has dropped to an appropriate level.

CAUTION

Risk of property damage due to frost!

If there is a danger of frost:

- Drain the pump completely to avoid damage.
- → Close the shut-off device in the pressure pipe. If a check valve is installed in the pressure pipe, and there is counter pressure, the shut-off device can remain open.
- \rightarrow Do **not** close the shut-off device in the suction line.
- → Switch off the motor.
- \rightarrow If there is no danger of frost, make sure the fluid level is sufficient.
- → Operate the pump every month for 5 minutes. Doing this prevents deposits from occurring in the pump compartment.
- 8.2 Shutdown and storage

Risk o

WARNING

- Risk of injury and damage to property!
 - Dispose of the pump contents and rinsing fluid by taking the legal regulations into account.
 - Always wear protective clothing, protective gloves and protective goggles when working.
- → Clean the pump thoroughly prior to storage!
- \rightarrow Drain the pump completely and rinse thoroughly.
- → The remaining fluid and rinsing fluid should be drained, collected and disposed of via the drain plug. Observe local regulations along with the notes under "Disposal"!
- → Spray the interior of the pump with a preservative through the suction and discharge ports.
- \rightarrow Close the suction and discharge ports with caps.
- \rightarrow Grease or oil the blank components. For this, use silicone-free grease or oil. Observe the manufacturer's instructions for preservatives.

9 Maintenance/repair

It is recommended to have the pump serviced and checked by the Wilo customer service.

Maintenance and repair work require the pump be partially or completely dismantled. The pump housing can be installed in the piping.

DANGER



Risk of fatal injury due to electrical current!

Improper conduct when carrying out electrical work can lead to death due to electric shock!

- Any work on electrical devices may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Before all work on the unit, deactivate the power supply and guard against accidental switch-on.
- Any damage to the pump connection cable should only ever be rectified by a qualified electrician.
- Observe the installation and operating instructions for the pump, motor and other accessories.
- Reinstall any uninstalled safety devices, such as terminal box covers, once the work is complete.

WARNING



Sharp edges on the impeller!

Sharp edges can form on the impeller. There is danger of limbs being severed! Protective gloves must be worn to protect against cuts.

- 9.1 Personnel qualifications
- 9.2 Operation monitoring
- → Electrical work: A qualified electrician must carry out the electrical work.
- → Maintenance tasks: The technician must be familiar with the use of operating fluids and their disposal. In addition, the technician must have basic knowledge of mechanical engineering.

CAUTION

Risk of property damage!

Improper operation can damage the pump or motor. Operating with the shut-off device closed for more than 5 minutes is not recommended and generally dangerous in the case of hot fluids.

- Never allow the pump to run without fluid.
- Do not operate the pump with the shut-off device in the suction line closed.
- Do not operate the pump for a longer period of time with the shut-off device in the pressure pipe closed. This can cause the fluid to overheat.

The pump must run quietly and vibration-free at all times.

The rolling bearings must run quietly and vibration-free at all times.

Increased current consumption with unchanged operating conditions is a sign of bearing damage. The bearing temperature may be up to 50°C above the ambient temperature, but never rise above 80°C.

- \rightarrow Check the static gaskets and the shaft seal regularly for leakages.
- → For pumps with mechanical seals, there is little to no visible leakage during operation. If a gasket is leaking significantly, this is a sign that the gasket surfaces are worn. The gasket must be replaced. The service life of a mechanical seal greatly depends on the operating conditions (temperature, pressure, fluid properties).
- $\rightarrow\,$ Wilo recommends checking the flexible coupling elements regularly and replacing them at the first sign of wear.
- → Wilo recommends briefly putting the standby pumps into operation at least once a week to ensure they are always ready for operation.

The bearing bracket of the pump is equipped with rolling bearings that have lifetime lubrication.

→ The rolling bearings of the motors are to be maintained according to the installation and operating instructions of the motor manufacturer.

9.4 Draining and cleaning

Maintenance tasks

9.3



Risk of injury and damage to property!

WARNING

- Dispose of the pump contents and rinsing fluid by taking the legal regulations into account.
- Always wear protective clothing, protective gloves and protective goggles when working.

9.5 Dismantling



DANGER

Risk of fatal injury due to electrical current!

Improper conduct when carrying out electrical work can lead to death due to electric shock!

- Any work on electrical devices may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Before all work on the unit, deactivate the power supply and guard against accidental switch-on.
- Any damage to the pump connection cable should only ever be rectified by a qualified electrician.
- Observe the installation and operating instructions for the pump, motor and other accessories.
- Reinstall any uninstalled safety devices, such as terminal box covers, once the work is complete.

Maintenance and repair work require the pump be partially or completely dismantled. The pump housing can be installed in the piping.

- \rightarrow Switch off the energy supply to the pump and secure against switching on again.
- \rightarrow Close all valves in the suction line and pressure pipe.
- $\rightarrow\,$ Drain the pump by opening the drainage screw and the venting screw.
- \rightarrow Remove coupling guard.
- \rightarrow If present: Remove the intermediate sleeve of the coupling.
- ightarrow Remove the fastening screws of the motor from the baseplate.

NOTICE



Observe the section drawing in the chapter "Spare parts".

9.5.1 Dismantling the slide-in unit

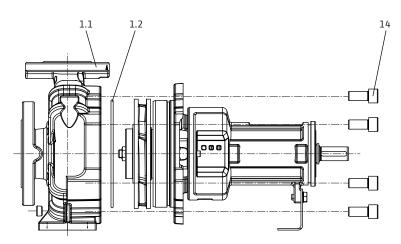


Fig. 18: Removing the slide-in unit



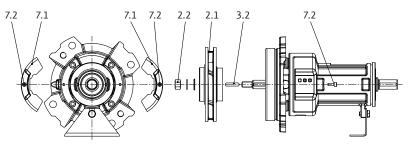


Fig. 19: Dismantling the slide-in unit

- 1. Mark positions of the parts that belong together with a coloured pen or scriber.
- 2. Remove the hexagon head screws (14).
- 3. Carefully pull the slide-in unit straight out of the spiral housing (1.1) to avoid damage to interior parts.
- 4. Put the slide-in unit down at a safe workplace. To continue dismantling the slide-in unit, fix it **vertically** in position with the drive shaft facing downward. The kit must be removed vertically to avoid damage to the impellers and other parts.
- 5. Remove the housing seal (1.2).
- 6. Remove the hexagon head screws (7.2) and remove the protective grid (7.1).
- 7. Loosen the impeller nut (2.2) and remove along with the lock washer and impeller disc.

Version with mechanical seal (optional: mechanical seal on the sleeve)

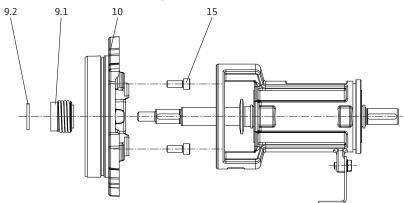


Fig. 20: Version with mechanical seal

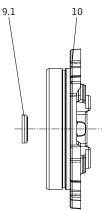


Fig. 21: Housing cover, mechanical seal

- 1. Remove the spacer (9.2).
- 2. Remove the rotating part of the mechanical seal (9.1).
- 3. Loosen the interior hexagonal head screws (15) and remove the housing cover (10).
- 4. Remove the stationary part of the mechanical seal (9.1).

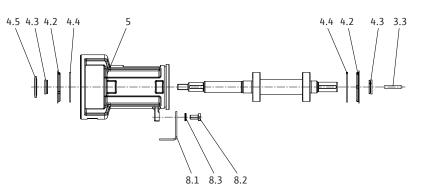


Fig. 22: Bearing bracket

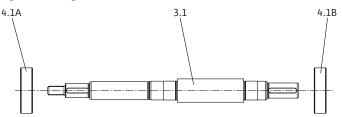


Fig. 23: Shaft

- 1. Remove the key (3.3).
- 2. Pull off the thrower (4.5) and V-gaskets (4.3).
- 3. Remove the bearing cover (4.2) and retaining ring (4.4).
- 4. Loosen the hexagon head screw (8.2), remove the lock washer (8.3) and remove the pump support foot (8.1).
- 5. Completely remove the shaft (3.1) from the bearing bracket (5).
- 6. Remove the ball bearings (4.1A and 4.1B) from the shaft (3.1).

9.6 Installation

Installation must be carried out according to the detailed drawings in the "Dismantling" chapter and the general drawings in the "Spare parts" chapter.

- → Clean the single components and check them for wear before installing them. Damaged or worn parts must be replaced with original spare parts.
- \rightarrow Coat location points with graphite or similar materials before installation.
- \rightarrow Check the O-rings for damage and replace if necessary.
- → Flat gaskets must be constantly replaced.

DANGER



Risk of fatal injury due to electrical current!

Proceeding incorrectly when carrying out electrical work can lead to death by electric shock!

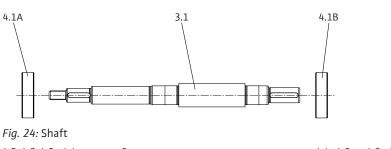
- Any work on electrical devices may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Before all work on the unit, deactivate the power supply and secure it against being accidentally switched on again.
- Any damage to the pump connection cable should only ever be repaired by a qualified electrician.
- Observe the installation and operating instructions for the pump, motor and other accessories!
- Reinstall any uninstalled safety devices, such as terminal box covers, once the work is complete!

NOTICE



Take note of the drawings in the "Spare parts" chapter.

9.6.1 Installing the shaft/bearing bracket



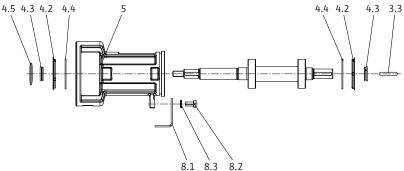


Fig. 25: Bearing bracket

- 1. Press the ball bearings (4.1A and 4.1B) onto the shaft (3.1).
- 2. Push the shaft (3.1) into the bearing bracket (5).
- 3. Insert the retaining rings (4.4) into the groove and the bearing cover (4.2) into the drilled hole of the bearing bracket (5).
- 4. Push the V-gaskets (4.3) and thrower (4.2) onto the shaft (3.1).
- 5. Insert the key (3.3) into the shaft nut.
- 6. Fasten the pump support foot (8.1) with the hexagon head screw (8.2) and lock washer (8.3).

9.6.2 Assembling the slide-in unit

Version with mechanical seal (optional: mechanical seal on the sleeve)

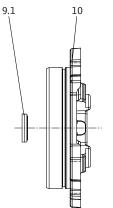


Fig. 26: Housing cover, mechanical seal

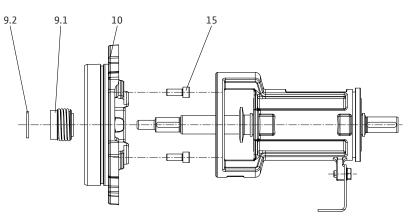


Fig. 27: Version with mechanical seal

- 1. Clean the stationary ring seat in the housing cover.
- 2. Insert the stationary part of the mechanical seal (9.1) carefully into the housing cover (10).
- 3. Optional: Push the sleeve onto the shaft.
- 4. Screw the housing cover (10) onto the bearing bracket with the interior hexagonal head screws (15).
- 5. Push the rotating part of the mechanical seal (9.1) onto the shaft (optional: sleeve).
- 6. Push the spacer (9.2) onto the shaft.

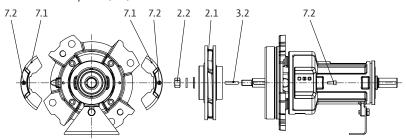


Fig. 28: Fitting the slide-in unit

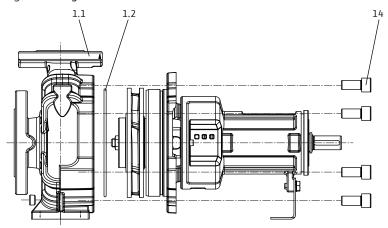


Fig. 29: Inserting the slide-in unit

- 1. Mark positions of the parts that belong together with a coloured pen or scriber.
- 2. Mount the impeller disc, impeller (2.1) and key(s) (3.2) on the shaft and tighten with the impeller nut (2.2).
- 3. Mount the protective grid (7.1) with interior hexagonal head screws (7.2).
- 4. Put the slide-in unit down at a safe workplace. To continue dismantling the slide-in unit, fix it **vertically** in position with the drive shaft facing downward. The kit must be removed vertically to avoid damage to the impellers and other parts.
- 5. Insert a new housing seal (1.2).

6. Carefully insert the slide-in unit into the spiral housing (1.1) and tighten with the hexagon head screws (14).

9.6.3 Screw tightening torques

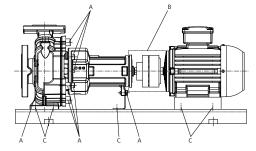


Fig. 30: Screw tightening torques

10 Troubleshooting possible causes and remedies

When tightening the screws, use the following tightening torques. \rightarrow A (pump)

Thread:	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Tightening torque [Nm]	25	35	60	100	170	350

Table 10: Screw tightening torque A (pump)

- → B (coupling): Refer to tables for manufacturer specific tightening torques for adjusting screws and coupling halves in chapter "Coupling alignment".
- → C (baseplate): Refer to table "Tightening torques for baseplate bolts (Grade 5, Zinc Plated, Hex Bolts)" in chapter "Alignment of the pump unit".

DANGER



Risk of death due to electrocution!

Improper conduct when carrying out electrical work can lead to death due to electric shock! Electrical work must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with the locally applicable regulations.

WARNING



No persons are allowed to be present inside the working area of the pump! Persons may suffer (serious) injuries while the pump is in operation! No persons may therefore be present inside the working area. If persons must enter the working area of the pump, the pump must be decommissioned and secured against being switched on again without authorisation.

WARNING



Sharp edges on the impeller!

Sharp edges can form on the impeller. There is danger of limbs being severed! Protective gloves must be worn to protect against cuts.

Further steps for troubleshooting

If the points listed here do not rectify the fault, contact customer service. Customer service can assist in the following ways:

- → Telephone or written support.
- \rightarrow On-site support.
- → Inspection and repair at the factory.

Costs may be incurred if you request customer services! Please contact customer services for more information.

10.1 Troubleshooting

Possible error types

Error type	Description
1	Delivery rate too low
2	Motor overloaded
3	Pump end pressure too high
4	Bearing temperature too high
5	Pump housing leakage
6	Shaft seal leakage
7	Pump does not run smoothly or is loud
8	Pump temperature too high

Table 11: Error types

10.2 Causes and remedies

Err	or ty	pe:							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Cause	Remedy
Х								Counter pressure too high	 Check system for con- taminants Reset the duty point
х						X	X	Pump and/or piping not completely filled	 Vent pump and fill suc- tion line
x						X	X	Inlet pressure too low or negative suction head too high	 Correct the fluid level Minimise resistances in the suction line Clean filter Reduce negative suc- tion head by installing the pump lower
Х								Incorrect direction of ro- tation	 Change the motor con- nection phases
х								Pump sucks air or the suction line is leaky	 Replace gasket Check suction line
Х								Supply line or impeller clogged	– Remove clog
Х	Х							Pump blocked by loose or jammed parts	– Clean pump
Х								Air pockets in the piping	 Change the pipe layout or install an air vent valve
х								Speed too low – with frequency con- verter operation – without frequency converter operation	– Increase frequency in the permissible range – Check voltage
Х	Х							Motor running on 2 phases	– Check phases and fuses
	Х					Х		Counter pressure of the pump too low	 Readjust the duty point or adjust the impeller
	х							The viscosity or density of the fluid is higher than the design value	 Check the pump di- mensioning (consult with the manufacturer)
	Х		Х		Х	Х	X	The pump is strained	Correct the pump install- ation

Erre	or ty	pe:							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Cause	Remedy
	х	x						Speed too high	Lower speed
			Х		Х	Х		Pump unit poorly aligned	– Correct alignment
			Х					Thrust too high	 Clean the relief bores in the impeller
			Х					Bearing lubrication not sufficient	Check bearing, exchange bearing
			X					Coupling distance not maintained	 Correct the coupling distance
			X			х	Х	– Flow rate too low	 Maintain recommended minimum flow rate
				x				 Housing screws not correctly tightened or gasket defective 	– Check tightening torque – Replace gasket
					Х			Leak in mechanical seal	– Replace the mechanical seal
					Х			Shaft sleeve (if present) worn	 Replace the shaft sleeve
					Х	Х		Imbalance of the impeller	– Rebalance the impeller
						Х		Bearing damage	– Exchange bearing
						Х		Foreign object in the pump	– Clean pump
							Х	Pump pumps against closed shut-off device	 Open the shut-off device in the pressure pipe

Table 12: Causes of error and remedies

11 Spare parts

Spare parts may be ordered via a local installer and/or Wilo customer service. List of original spare parts: Refer to the Wilo spare parts documentation and the following information in these installation and operating instructions.

CAUTION

Risk of material damage!

Trouble-free pump operation can only be guaranteed when original spare parts are used. Use only original Wilo spare parts!

Information to be provided when ordering spare parts: spare part numbers, spare part names/descriptions, all data from the pump and rating plate. This helps prevent return queries and incorrect orders.

11.1 Spare parts list

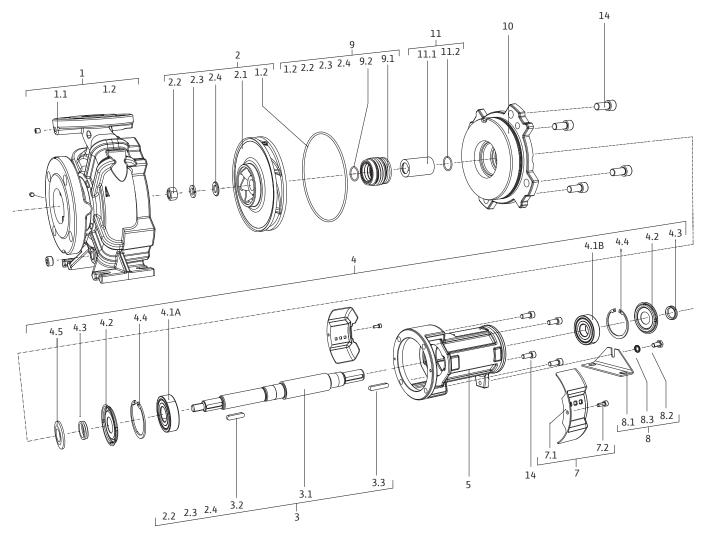


Fig. 31: Pump with mechanical seal

ltem no.	Description	Number	Safety-relevant
1.1	Pump housing	1	
1.2	Flat gasket	1	Х
2.1	Impeller	1	
2.2	Nut	1	
2.3	Disc	1	
2.4	Disc	1	
3.1	Shaft	1	
3.2	Кеу	1	
3.3	Кеу	1	
4.1A	Ball bearing	1	X
4.1B	Ball bearing	1	Х
4.2	Cover	1	
4.3	V-gasket	1	
4.4	Retaining ring	1	

ltem no.	Description	Number	Safety-relevant
4.5	Thrower	1	
5	Bearing bracket housing	1	
7.1	Shaft protection kit	2	
7.2	Screw	2	
8.1	Supporting foot	1	
8.2	Screw	1	
8.3	Disc	1	
9.1	Mechanical seal	1	Х
9.2	Disc	1	
10	Discharge cover	1	
14	Screw	4	
15	Screw	4	

Table 13: Spare parts list, version with mechanical seal

12 Disposal

12.1 Oils and lubricants

Operating fluid must be collected in suitable tanks and disposed of in accordance with the locally applicable guidelines.

- 12.2 Water-glycol mixture
- 12.3 Protective clothing
- 12.4 Information on the collection of used electrical and electronic products

When disposing of this mixture, the locally applicable guidelines must be observed.

Used protective clothing must be disposed of in accordance with the locally applicable guidelines.

Proper disposal and appropriate recycling of this product prevents damage to the environment and putting your personal health at risk.

NOTICE



Disposal in domestic waste is prohibited!

In the European Union this symbol may be included on the product, the packaging or the accompanying documentation. It means that the electrical and electronic products in question must not be disposed of along with domestic waste.

Please note the following points to ensure proper handling, recycling and disposal of the used products in question:

- \rightarrow Hand over these products at designated, certified collection points only.
- → Observe the locally applicable regulations!

Please consult your local municipality, the nearest waste disposal site, or the dealer who sold the product to you for information on proper disposal. See www.wilo-recycling.com for more information about recycling.

Subject to change without prior notice!









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